# FLOOD CLAIMS EXPLAINED

A Homeowner's Guide to Navigating the Claims Process





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## What's the Difference Flood Claims vs Home Claims

When disaster strikes, the claims process for a flood differs from standard home insurance claims. Understanding these differences helps manage expectations during recovery.

- Flood Claims involve more documentation due to water damage and may take longer to process, especially after large-scale flooding events.
- Home Insurance Claims typically don't cover flood damage unless you have a separate flood policy.

#### **Time Frames:**

- Flood claims may take weeks or even months due to the volume of claims in widespread flood events.
- Home insurance claims generally move more quickly but won't cover floodspecific issues.



Understanding Your Deductible, Depreciation, and Proof of Loss

#### ■ What is a Deductible?

A deductible is the portion of the claim amount you are responsible for paying before your insurance coverage kicks in. After a flood, understanding how this deductible works is crucial.

• Example: If your claim is valued at \$20,000 and your deductible is \$5,000, you will receive \$15,000.

#### **■ Depreciation & How It Affects Your Claim**

Depreciation refers to the reduction in the value of your home or belongings due to age, wear, and tear. This can play a significant role in how much your insurance pays out.

- Actual Cash Value (ACV): Accounts for depreciation. For example, if you file a claim for damaged furniture that's 10 years old, your payout will reflect its depreciated value, not the price to buy a new one.
- Replacement Cost Value (RCV): Covers the cost of replacing the item with a new one, without considering depreciation.

#### Review Your Policy

It's crucial to check if your policy provides Actual Cash Value (ACV) or Replacement Cost Value (RCV) for both building and contents coverage. This distinction can have a major impact on your claim payout.

#### **Proof of Loss:**

After documenting the damage, you'll typically need to submit a Proof of Loss form, which is required to officially process your claim. Most insurers, including the NFIP, require this to be submitted within 60 days of the flood.

- What to Include: An itemized list of damaged property, documentation such as photos or videos, and receipts or estimates of repair costs.
- Important Timeline: Missing the 60-day deadline could jeopardize your ability to receive full compensation, so make this a priority.

## Documenting Damage and Ensuring Family Safety

#### **Family Safety First!**

Before documenting damage, ensure your home is safe to enter. Avoid using electricity in flooded areas and be cautious of structural damage.

#### **How to Document Damage for Your Flood Claim**

Proper documentation is critical to ensure a fair settlement.

- Take Photos Immediately: Capture the damage before any cleaning or repairs.
- Show Water Levels: Use a measuring tape or other markers to show how high the water reached.
- Multiple Angles: Take wide shots of each room and close-ups of damaged items.
- Serial Numbers: If possible, take clear pictures of the serial numbers on any damaged appliances or electronics. This will help when verifying their value and age during the claims process.



#### **Video Documentation:**

• Narrate what you see as you walk through the house, pointing out specific damage. This helps adjusters better understand the extent of the damage.



#### **Pro Tip:**

Don't forget hidden areas like closets, basements, or behind furniture, where water may have caused additional damage.

# Conversations with Your Insurance Agent: Short-Term and Long-Term Impacts



#### Before Filing a Claim: Should You File?

Filing a flood insurance claim should be done with careful consideration. Unlike home insurance claims, flood insurance claims stay with the property forever. This means that even after you sell the home, the claim history is tied to it, which could affect future insurance options.

- **Private Insurance Restrictions:** Filing a claim may limit your ability to get private flood insurance in the future. Some private companies may reject coverage for homes with past flood claims.
- Only for Catastrophic Situations: Because of the long-term impacts, it's best to file a claim only if the damage is catastrophic and far exceeds your deductible.

#### **Short-Term vs Long-Term Impact**

Having a conversation with your insurance agent is vital to understanding both the short-term and long-term impacts of filing a claim.

- Short-Term Impact: Filing a claim will help cover immediate repair costs, but you need to assess if the damage truly warrants it. If it's minor or only slightly above your deductible, you may want to consider paying out-ofpocket to avoid a long-term negative impact.
- **Long-Term Impact:** Since the flood claim remains on the property's record, future owners could face challenges, and premiums may increase. This can also affect the sale of your property.

#### **Questions to Ask Your Insurance Agent**

- How will this claim affect my future premiums?
- Are there any alternatives to filing this claim?
- What are the implications for my coverage limits moving forward?



## Private vs Federal Flood Claims & Policy Types

#### Private vs Federal Flood Insurance (NFIP)

Filing a claim through the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) or a private insurer differs in terms of timelines and coverage.

- NFIP Claims: Typically standardized but may take longer, especially during large-scale flood events. Coverage is capped at \$250,000 for residential buildings and \$100,000 for personal belongings.
- **Private Insurance Claims:** Private insurers often offer faster claims processing and more flexible coverage limits but may have higher premium increases after a claim.



#### Understanding Your Policy Type

Reviewing your policy helps determine whether you have Actual Cash Value (ACV) or Replacement Cost Value (RCV) coverage.

- ACV: Pays out the current market value of your damaged property, factoring in depreciation.
- RCV: Pays the cost to replace your damaged property with new items.

#### What if Insurance is Not Enough?

#### **Disaster Assistance Options**

If the payout from your flood insurance isn't enough to cover all of your losses, additional assistance may be available through government programs or disaster loans.

#### **Disaster Assistance:**

In cases where the damage is extensive and a Presidential Disaster Declaration is filed, you may be eligible for federal disaster assistance. However, it's crucial that you report your claim locally to your community's officials to ensure that the damage is documented. This helps the community qualify for federal disaster relief.

#### **SBA Disaster Loans**

If you need further financial assistance, you may qualify for a Small Business Administration (SBA) disaster loan, even if you're a homeowner. These low-interest loans can be used to cover repairs and other costs that exceed your insurance payout.



#### **Important Note on Disaster Assistance**

If you decide to accept disaster assistance, you will typically be required to carry flood insurance for as long as you own the property, regardless of the flood zone it's in. This is a federal requirement meant to reduce future risks and costs in flood-prone areas.

#### Additional Tips: Managing Post-Flood Purchases

#### **KEEP ALL THE RECEIPTS**

If you need to make any purchases after the flood but before the adjuster arrives, make sure to keep all receipts. These receipts may be critical for reimbursement.

- **Examples:** Temporary repairs, dehumidifiers, cleaning supplies, and lodging expenses.
- **Organization**: Keep receipts in a folder and label them with the date, purpose, and cost.

#### **PROVIDING YOUR CONTACT INFORMATION**

Be sure to provide the adjuster with your name, address, phone number, and temporary location if you are not staying at the damaged property during repairs.



# Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) During Flood Claims Process

#### When will the adjuster contact me?

Typically, an adjuster contacts you within 24-48 hours after filing a claim.



#### Should I document the damages?

Yes, take photos and videos of all damages for your records and to support your claim.

#### Can I clean up before the adjuster arrives?

You can start cleaning once it's safe, but make sure to **document everything first.** 

#### Is an advance payment possible?

You may request an advance payment to cover initial expenses.



#### What does my policy cover?

Clarify with your insurer what is covered under your policy.

## CONCLUSION

Filing a flood claim can feel overwhelming, but by documenting damage thoroughly, understanding your policy, and consulting with your insurance agent, you can make informed decisions.

Filing a claim only when necessary—especially for catastrophic damage—can help protect your future insurance options and property value.

Additionally, explore disaster assistance options if your insurance is not enough to cover all your losses.

#### **SIMPLIFYING FLOOD INSURANCE** FOR YOUR NEEDS.

This eBook is for you and your needs to serve as a guide for flood insurance and getting assistance for filing claims.

Our team is committed to giving you the best flood insurance education and coverage. This approach helped multiple clients across the United States to get the best policy against flood loss.

## I hope this helps you too.

The following tips and information in this guide will help you understand specific flood insurance areas:

- Understanding how flood claims work.
- Best things to do before and during the claims process.
- Learn how to increase your protection from floods and other disasters.
- Answer commonly asked questions on flood insurance claims.

We welcome any questions and additional information you need for your flood insurance.

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